

# THE MIRROR JOURNAL

Serving A Most Progressive People In The Most Prosperous District In Central Alberta

VOL. 8, NO. 46

MIRROR, ALTA., SEPTEMBER 7, 1922

\$2.00 PER YEAR



## SPECIAL

Ladies' Summer Combinations, Porous Knit and Cotton Rib  
Regular \$1.50  
SPECIAL to clear .95c

### White Canvas Boots

We still have a few pairs of Children's Canvas Boots with leather soles. While they last we are selling them for **\$1.00 pr.**

### Made-in-Canada Corsets

We sell the Famous Gossard Corset, they lace in front, and are made to fit every figure. In different weight, material; in colors of Pink and white, and very reasonably priced. If we do not happen to have your model in stock it is only a matter of a few days until we can supply you. Ladies, give Gossard's a trial and be convinced.

### Overalls

Let us supply you with the real overall, which is the HEADLIGHT. They outwear any other ordinary pairs of Overalls. We can also supply you with LEATHER LABEL & G. W. G's.

### Voiles and Marquisettes

Just a few pieces left. Can we interest you in these that remain? Come in and look them over and get a price on them.

## GROCERIES

Here you are, our Line of Groceries is always fresh and prices are right. We sell the highest Standard of Groceries only. If Quality is not right we see that it is made right.

Yours for the Best of SERVICE AND QUALITY

## McNair Bros.

Stores at Mirror and Bashaw

## LET'S GO!

Duck Season Is Here

Everything for the Hunter:

Shooting Coats  
Shooting Caps  
Ammunition in the following brands:

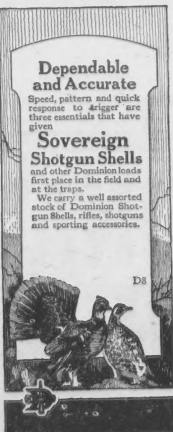
Winchester Leader  
Super X  
Peters'  
Dominion

Our stock is all 1922  
Shells which guarantee you full strength and accuracy.

WE INVITE YOUR INSPECTION

## Spiece & Son

Phone 15 Mirror P.O. Box 15



## VOTE FAVORS SCHOOL DISTRICT

A representative meeting of the ratepayers in the proposed new school district west of Mirror took place last Tuesday afternoon at Harvey Crutchfield's place three miles from Mirror, and with the exception of one objection it was the unanimous wish of the meeting that the district be formed. The limits of the district as approved by the minister of education include the following lands, viz.: The N. 4 of sections 13, 14, 15, 16, and sections 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 35 and 36, in township 40, range 23, west of the 4th meridian. This takes in the whole of West Mirror district with some additions on the west and south.

At the meeting on Tuesday 13 signed the declaration in favor of forming a district, while one voted against, and another refused to vote either way. The result being favorable the meeting proceeded to elect trustees and five names were submitted, viz.: H. S. Crutchfield, W. H. MacLaren, C. Wolferstan, J. E. MacLaren, and Mrs. W. Eccleshall. At the close of the poll the three first mentioned were declared elected as the trustee board for the new district.

A discussion followed as to the location of the school, and while the question is yet undecided it was suggested that it be on the south-west corner of the south-east 1-26-10-23-w. 4th, which is a Hudson Bay quarter belonging to Bennett Bros. The type of building also came up for discussion and the consensus of opinion was that a substantial school be built, preferably of cement blocks, but this matter, as well as the location of the school was left in the hands of the new board for further investigation as to cost, etc. The board will endeavor to secure the sanction of the department of education at once, and will proceed with their work of getting the necessary information in connection with the school.

The new district will be known as the "Hickling School District," in memory of the late Harry Hickling, who was a former resident of the district, and who was killed while serving overseas.

W. H. MacLaren acted as chairman, and C. Wolferstan as secretary of the meeting on Tuesday.

### Boys' Clubs

All the boys of the Rangers and Tuxis groups are requested to assemble in the Union church on Friday evening at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of reorganizing for the fall and winter months.

### St. Monica's Church

Rev. M. Peart, M.A., Rector.

13th Sunday after Trinity.  
Holy Communion, 11 a.m.  
Sunday School, 1.45 p.m.

### Union Church

Rev. J. E. Collins, Pastor

11 a.m., Sunday School.  
7.30 p.m., Evening Worship.  
The Pastor will preach at the evening service.

Mrs. W. H. Craven returned on Wednesday of last week from a two months' vacation at the Coast.

Read the ads.

## LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS

### Preserving season.

Miss K. Knis was a Camrose visitor over Sunday.

Regular meeting of the village council next Monday evening.

Pym Bros. left on Saturday on a week's business trip to B. C. points.

G. F. Bartlett, of the Royal Bank staff, spent the week-end in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Sears were Calgary visitors for several days this week.

Mrs. J. Annesley and daughter May, are spending a few days in Calgary.

J. C. Palmer, of Alix, is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Brindle.

Miss Dot Piper, of Stettler, was visiting her sister, Mrs. N. G. Spiece, last week.

Three gas lamps have been placed in the town hall. Spiece & Son installed the system.

Miss Millie McLeod is spending two weeks with her sister, Miss A. McLeod, at Edmonton.

Miss C. McQueen, of Edmonton, has taken charge of the Ripley school for the ensuing term.

Dr. and Mrs. A. M. Palmer, of Calgary, are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Sharpe.

Mrs. D. W. Matheson, of Trochu, Alta., is visiting with her mother, Mrs. L. O. Phelps and other relatives in town.

Mrs. O. B. Thompson, of Edmonton, and Mrs. A. Thompson, of Alix, spent Tuesday of this week with Mrs. Albert Ray.

Douglas Smith, of the main office staff of the Royal Bank, Calgary, spent several days of this week with his mother, Mrs. F. R. Smith.

Margaret and Betty Blackstock returned to their home in Saskatoon, Sask., last Saturday, after spending six weeks' holiday at the Joegood Farm.

The duck season came in with a real bang last Friday, and the hunters are finding some real sport in getting a bag, as the ducks are not any too plentiful.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Compton and family motored to Round Hill on Labor Day and visited with Mr. and Mrs. M. Matheson, former residents of Mirror.

Mrs. F. J. Stafford, of Omaha, Nebraska, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Jewell and Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Jewell. Mrs. Stafford is a sister of the Jewell brothers.

Beatrice and Arthur MacLennan left Saturday last for their home in Edmonton after spending an enjoyable four weeks' holiday with the Misses Brindle at 'Land's End.'

McNair Bros. have bought a general store business at Castor, Alta., and Doug. McNair, of Bashaw, has taken charge. A. C. McNair, of Mirror, and J. C. McNair, of Bashaw, are now at Castor taking stock.

W. H. Stump has moved the building recently bought from Del. Thomas to the rear of the jewellery store. This will give several additional rooms, and alterations will be made in the front part of the store to give more accommodation.

## GRAND THEATRE, MIRROR

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9th

8.30 P. M. SHARP

## HOBART BOSWORTH

In  
"Below  
the  
Surface"

## Mack Sennett Comedy

## Mirror Cash Boot and Shoe Repair Shop

Have your Boots Repaired Now

L. G. FISHER

MIRROR

## ANCIENT LANDMARK LODGE, 109, A. F. & A. M.

MIRROR, ALBERTA



Regular Meeting on the First Wednesday Evening in Month—at 8.00 o'clock, sharp

A Welcome to Visiting Brethren

## Twine

Our Twine is now in.

### International New Big Ball

Fits any twine can. Runs smoothly through the knoter. Guaranteed for length, strength, weight and quality.

REMEMBER: Inferior Twine is dear at any price

J. F. Flewelling :: Mirror

## Alarm Clocks

Waterbury  
From \$3.25 Up  
All Guaranteed

A. COMMON, Mirror  
G.T.P. and C.N.R. Time Inspector







## Saskatchewan's Valuable Clays

Necessary Substances for Manufacturing Highest Grade of Chinaware

According to W. G. Worcester, professor of ceramics at the Provincial University, Saskatchewan, has a greater variety of clays in larger quantities than probably any other province in Canada. These clays range all the way from the lower grades used in the manufacture of bricks and tiles to a kaolin which burns as white as, if not whiter than, the best British product. On the southern shore of Lake Wapawaska this kaolin is found in abundance, and in close proximity to it are large deposits of silica or glass sand. These two minerals are the primary essentials in the manufacture of the highest grades of chinaware. At the present time the deposits of Lake Wapawaska, a hundred and fifty miles north of Prince Albert, are cut off from the market by the absence of transportation facilities. Sooner or later they must be tapped.

Coarser clays are found in many more accessible parts of the province and a number of the deposits are already being developed. The clay products industry in Montana flat is a large export industry, and Saskatchewan deposits for its raw material. Why, asks Professor Worcester, should not the province develop its own clay products industries and turn its raw material into marketable articles at home? Canada imported over a third of a million dollars' worth of clay product last year, when the proper development of clay products industries based on the clay deposits within her borders would have made it unnecessary for her to have imported so much. There is food here for thought.

When the bill creating the Saskatchewan Bureau of Labor and Industries was introduced in the legislature some sessions ago by the Hon. Mr. Dunning, it was explained that the Government had in mind the material development of the natural resources of the province, starting in with the more accessible of the known resources, among them clay. A great deal of work has since been carried out along this line under the direction of the bureau. A large number of clay deposits have been located and the clays analyzed and tested at the University. The quality of the products that have been manufactured from them is gratifying in the extreme. The information that has thus been accumulated is regarded as the possible future demand in the clay deposits of the province is available to anyone interested in commercially developing them. Within the last few years have not been favorable to the establishment of new industries, a time when some capital will be available for turning to new investments in the soil of Saskatchewan into one of the richest assets of the province—Bogdan Leader.

## Canada's Ash Heap

Enormous Loss Each Year Occasioned By Forest Fires

When it is realized that Canada's annual fire loss amounts to \$45,000,000 without reckoning the enormous waste in the forests it is small wonder that the governments of the country are beginning to take some of the more common causes of this devastation. At a recent gathering of the Association of Canadian Fire Marshals, cardinals, prelates, rich and poor, and thoughtful smokers came in for a good deal of criticism. One speaker declared that if the average smoker were to take one-tenth of the amount of caution when he throws away a match as he employs care in the proper ignition of his tobacco very little damage would be occasioned by this most common of causes. Apply a similar theory to many equally dangerous causes and the forty-five million dollar ash heap, not to speak of demolished timber, would be reduced to less than half and cheaper proportions—Victor H. Lewis.

## Trade Within the Empire

Many business men in this country appear to have forgotten that we have an Empire. They concentrate on the broken markets of Europe and on the air with cries of ruin. Their ignorance is supported by a group of politicians who argue that a route on such an issue as the cattle embargo made to a Dominion is not real. It is a promise. They are in England and the Continent, but the Empire is too vast for their horizons.—London Sunday Express.

## Brandon Cattle Awarded Prizes

Aberdeen Angus cattle owned by J. D. McGregor, of Brandon, captured seven first prizes and five second prizes at the Vancouver Exhibition. The bull and bull grand champion were awarded to his entries.

W. N. A., 1426

## High Praise For Saskatchewan Butter

British Trade Is Pleased With Quality of Creamery Butter

A very favorable report has just been received at the Dairy Branch of the Provincial Department of Agriculture concerning a shipment of approximately two cars of Saskatchewan creamery butter which was sent to one of the large British produce houses some weeks ago. The importer who handled the shipment reported it as the best he had seen of the Provincial Dairy Commissioner. This shipment represented the first transshipment he had in his career of butter, and I am pleased to inform you that the butter gave entire satisfaction to my buyers and myself, I believe that the butter was quite equal to any that has been received. The butter arrived in good condition and the packing was satisfactory as there were very few boxes that had been damaged.

I have discussed with the trade the manner of grading that takes place in Canada, and, generally speaking, the trade is impressed with the thorough way it is done.

A large amount of Saskatchewan butter has gone to the British market this year, but for the most part these shipments have gone through the hands of the dealers in Eastern Canada and similarly our reports as to the quality of the butter in the export trade came indirectly, states Mr. Reed, Provincial Dairy Commissioner.

We have had considerable inquiry during the past few months as to the quality of the butter. All the evidence to hand indicates that the quality of butter is better than it has been for some time and as our available surplus for export becomes larger more direct trade connections will undoubtedly be established which in turn means a larger net return to both the manufacturer and the dairy producer in Saskatchewan.

## Line in the Soil

Its Importance, Its Value and Time For Application

One of the keenest, and at the same time one of the most valuable lines of research followed by the Division of Chemistry of the Dominion Experimental Farm system, is that of determining the value of the best methods of preserving and reviving the productivity of the soil. Bulletin No. 86, entitled "Line in Agriculture," which is placed at the disposal of the public in this direction by line; how it corrects acidity or sourness of the soil, how it turns sourness into the possibilities line demands, and the use of the line in the soil of the province is available to anyone interested in commercially developing them. Within the last few years have not been favorable to the establishment of new industries, a time when some capital will be available for turning to new investments in the soil of Saskatchewan into one of the richest assets of the province—Bogdan Leader.

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## Record Business in Binder Twine

This Season Shows 50 Per Cent. Increase in Sales

Blinder twine received from the east at the Port William warehouses of the International Harvester Company and the Plymouth Corporation has shown the opening of navigation, it made into one strand, would endure the winter, and the third third, or more 20 strands reaching from the earth to the moon, would measure altogether 4,532, 321 miles.

The 1922 season has been the best in the record of the binder twine companies, the output having increased at least 50 per cent. Some manufacturers of the product have been shipped to the prairie provinces and the demand is unable to be filled.

Victor's Wife—Yes, Arnold has gone up to London to learn pharmacy.

Village Dame—Oh, missus, 'souldn't 'ave gone to that expense; 'sould 'ave come on our farm an' welcome!

## GLIMPSES OF PRIMITIVE LIFE SEEN ON A WEST COAST CRUISE

Reminiscence to Alaska Through the Mouth of the Columbia River



KLOOTCHENKA OF THE NORTH SELLING BASKETS

For those who have the time and means to indulge their fancies and who enjoy tripping to out-of-the-way places, a voyage up the west coast of Vancouver is recommended. Three times a month the staunch mail steamers of James H. Smith, the harbor of British Columbia's fair capital, Victoria, bound for Port Alice three hundred miles away on the coast of the Yukon. So you must plan accordingly, but you'll not regret a wait for the ship for the charms of the Evergreen City will wait into acquiescent waiting.

The southern part of Vancouver Island is a veritable bit of England's Devonshire transplanted to western waters and Victoria is its happy center. Charming homes set in exquisite flower gardens are her distinguishing feature, and the most modern roads

AN UNUSUAL COUCH IN THE HEART OF ONE OF THE BIG TREES IN VANCOUVER ISLANDS FORESTS

drive and radiate from Victoria. Marine Drive is a never-ending joy and watching the throngs of happy bathers basking and sunbathing in the waters along the drive, makes one realize that here life is lived as it should be. Leaving Victoria on a west coast cruise one heads for the little city of primitive life. The more than 300 miles a month is touched but once in its whole length by a railway. The three-month boat is the link with the outside world for people who live on the coast. The little ports where the boats stop have long of them the names of Indian names, Cloosoo, Ucluelet, Chagout and Kyquoot, the latter named by an important whaling station.

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## Thrift Or Rush?

Everybody Must Work and Pay For What He Gets

Young Theodore Roosevelt, addressing the Elks' national convention, said that a prevailing idea among Americans nowadays was to "get by" with the least amount of work possible. And he added that our American ancestors had not been built that way, their nature being overtime, and then some.

The amount of work performed in changing our continental area within the last century and a half, from wilderness to a vast productive economy, supporting over a hundred million persons who are the most luxurious people in all history, measures enormously. We are the rich heirs of all the labor, thrift, ingenuity, enterprise, invention, expended by the most energetic pioneers, settlers, explorers, "constructionists," wealth creators, and the like of our generation ever had.

And we as a people exhibit some of the choicest qualities of rich heirs. We think this inheritance a natural thing. The slightest deprivation of any of its privileges and luxuries we resent as an encroachment upon our natural right. The luxury of our living we take for granted, and it keeps up, the cost of it, we think excessive. We are willing to pay for it, not merely in high prices, but in expenditure of labor and thought, we shall lose it.

The luxury of our living. Every American participates in it. He may not think so. He may be complaining because he doesn't have two or three houses, but with servants, luxuries, because his income doesn't quite stretch to the width of his expenses. But as a matter of fact, every American is more comfortable in his particular economic station than his comrade is in Europe, or was in any time and place whatsoever since man began to live in communities.

Something more than thrift is required to make a man of more than average economic account nowadays. And that is not depreciating the value of thrift in the least. But as 'relatives' the value of thrift diminishes, there increases the value of energy, of willingness to work, of ability to produce. Value of thrift is a value upon which our national economy will split. Want of sustained, intelligent, capable energy is our growing danger.

The able man knows he must sweat for what he wants, for what he needs. He knows he must give much. If such be his necessity, it is the necessity for all of us. If we wish to continue to luxuriate, we must be an energetic, ingenious, productive people.

The point is, we insist upon the luxury and yet fail to produce. The wages are possible for great productive effort. But neither Lenin nor the United States (the United States can reward well an incompetent, short-producing, idling workman. A man must give, if he would receive. As we are the most luxurious of people, we have been also the hardest working. Unless we are willing to work, we cannot continue in the enjoyment of modern luxury.—Minneapolis Journal.

## Dairy Records in B.C.

Experimental Farm Owns 54 Accredited Holsteins

At Agassiz, British Columbia, is one of the principal farms of the Dominion experimental farm system. Here are carried on, judging by the number of projects, upwards of 500 different activities, accounts of the progress of which are given in the 50-page annual report of the superintendent for the year 1921. It is there reported that of 23 Holstein cows that finished a lactation period during the alpha month ending with last December, 12, or just over 50 per cent, produced heifer calves, and 11, or just over 48 per cent, produced bull calves. Of these heifers, 10 were sold to two-year-olds for a lactation period of 350 days, was 9,986 pounds milk and 330 pounds fat. Thirteen of the records for the alpha month ending with last December, 12, or just over 50 per cent, produced heifer calves, and 11, or just over 48 per cent, produced bull calves. Of these heifers, 10 were sold to two-year-olds for a lactation period of 350 days, was 9,986 pounds milk and 330 pounds fat. 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